

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE GALLATIN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS WWW.KYAUDITOR.NET

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE GALLATIN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Gallatin County Fiscal Court audit for fiscal year ended June 30, 2000. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

Financial Condition:

Fund balances increased by \$155,573 from the prior fiscal year, resulting in a cash surplus of \$2,673,521 as of June 30, 2000.

Debt Obligations:

Gallatin County reports no debt.

Report Comments:

- Fiscal Court Did Not Budget Gallatin County Ambulance Service As An Activity Of The County
- Fiscal Court Did Not Approve All Claims Against The County Prior To Payment
- The County Did Not Maintain Accurate Supporting Documentation For All Disbursements
- The County Did Not Require Depository Institutions To Pledge Or Provide Sufficient Collateral And Enter Into A Written Agreement To Protect Deposits
- The County Did Not Maintain Accurate Uniform Books Of Accounts

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were unsecured by \$103,385 of the \$2.6 million on June 30, 2000. Additionally, the County did not have a written agreement with depository institutions to perfect the County's interest in the collateral pledged.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS



EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Paul E. Patton, Governor
T. Kevin Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Dana Mayton, Secretary, Revenue Cabinet
Honorable George Zubaty, Gallatin County Judge/Executive
Members of the Gallatin County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balances arising from cash transactions of Gallatin County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2000, and the related statement of cash receipts, cash disbursements, and changes in cash balances for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Gallatin County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit...

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Gallatin County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis and laws of Kentucky. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received, except for the recording of long-term receivables and deferred revenue. Expenditures are recognized when paid, except for the recording of long-term obligations and amounts to be provided in future years. The modified cash basis accounting system does not require an entity to maintain a general fixed asset group or a general long-term debt group of accounts. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balances arising primarily from cash transactions as of June 30, 2000, of Gallatin County, Kentucky, and the revenues received and expenditures paid for the year then ended, in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting described above.

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In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated July 25, 2001 on our consideration of Gallatin County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- Fiscal Court Did Not Budget Gallatin County Ambulance Service As An Activity Of The County
- Fiscal Court Did Not Approve All Claims Against The County Prior To Payment
- The County Did Not Maintain Accurate Supporting Documentation For All Disbursements
- The County Did Not Require Depository Institutions To Pledge Or Provide Sufficient Collateral And Enter Into A Written Agreement To Protect Deposits
- The County Did Not Maintain Accurate Uniform Books Of Accounts

The accompanying financial information listed as supporting schedules in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of Gallatin County, Kentucky. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - July 25, 2001

GALLATIN COUNTY OFFICIALS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

Fiscal Court Members:

George Zubaty County Judge/Executive

Eric Moore Magistrate
Kenneth McFarland Magistrate
Elsie Ewbank Magistrate
Sidney Gullion Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Steve Huddleston County Attorney

Nelson Brown Jailer

Tracy Miles County Clerk

Sue O'Connor Circuit Court Clerk

Clifford Higgins Sheriff

Vesta Moore Property Valuation Administrator

Brian Lowder Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Sonja Hopkins County Treasurer
Elaine Lillard Finance Officer



STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

GALLATIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 2000

Assets

General Fund Type

General	Fund.

Cash \$ 1,080,239

Road and Bridge Fund:

Cash 1,483,864

Jail Fund:

Cash 2,420

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund:

Cash 72,805

County Police Fund:

Cash 13,072

Ambulance Fund:

Cash 21,121

Total Assets \$ 2,673,521

Fund Balances

Unreserved:

General Fund Type

General Fund	\$ 1,080,239
Road and Bridge Fund	1,483,864
Jail Fund	2,420
Local Government Economic Assistance Fund	72,805
County Police Fund	13,072
Ambulance Fund	 21,121
Total Fund Balance	\$ 2,673,521

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES

GALLATIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

			 G	ener	al Fund Typ	es	
		Totals		I	Road and		
	(M	emorandum	General		Bridge		
Cash Receipts		Only)	 Fund		Fund	J	ail Fund
Schedule of Operating Revenue	\$	1,536,828	\$ 682,639	\$	545,259	\$	56,680
Total Cash Receipts	\$	1,536,828	\$ 682,639	\$	545,259	\$	56,680
Cash Disbursements							
Comparative Schedule of Final Budget and Budgeted Expenditures Schedule of Unbudgeted Expenditures	\$	1,130,865 250,390	\$ 582,482	\$	270,060	\$	218,079
Total Cash Disbursements	\$	1,381,255	\$ 582,482	\$	270,060	\$	218,079
Excess (Deficiency) of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements	\$	155,573	\$ 100,157	\$	275,199	\$	(161,399)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In Transfers Out	\$	188,000 (188,000)	\$ (188,000)	\$		\$	158,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$ (188,000)	\$		\$	158,000
Cash Balance - July 1, 1999	\$	2,517,948	\$ 1,168,082	\$	1,208,665	\$	5,819
Cash Balance - June 30, 2000	\$	2,673,521	\$ 1,080,239	\$	1,483,864	\$	2,420

GALLATIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000 (Continued)

	General Fund Types						
Gov Ec As	Local vernment onomic sistance Fund		County Police Fund	A1	mbulance Fund		
\$	63,373	\$		\$	188,877		
\$	63,373	\$		\$	188,877		
\$	28,326	\$	31,918	\$	250,390		
\$	28,326	\$	31,918	\$	250,390		
\$	35,047	\$	(31,918)	\$	(61,513)		
\$		\$	30,000	\$			
\$		\$	30,000	\$			
\$	37,758	\$	14,990	\$	82,634		
\$	72,805	\$	13,072	\$	21,121		

GALLATIN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2000

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Gallatin County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Based upon the criteria stated in GASB 14, management has included the Gallatin County Ambulance as part of the reporting entity.

Additional – Gallatin County Constitutional Elected Officials

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff
- Property Valuation Administrator

The Kentucky constitution provides for election of the above officials from the geographic area constituting Gallatin County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

B. Fund Accounting

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. The government uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Gallatin County Fiscal Court's Fund Types, a definition of each, and county funds included within each fund type are listed below.

1) General Fund Type

General Fund Type accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund type. The Gallatin County General Fund Type includes the following county funds: General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund (LGEA), County Police Fund, and Ambulance Fund.

GALLATIN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2000 (Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

For all fund types, the county utilizes a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received, except for the recording of long-term receivables and deferred revenue. Expenditures are recognized when paid, except for the recording of long-term obligations and amounts to be provided in future years.

D. Legal Compliance - Budget

The Gallatin County budget is adopted on a cash basis of accounting and laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in bank accounts, and investments are stated at cost. Investments may include certificates of deposit on the financial statements; however, for the purpose of disclosing credit risk (Note 3), investments exclude certificates of deposit.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

GALLATIN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2000 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a multiple-employer public retirement system which covers all eligible full-time employees. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 7.28 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 7 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 17.55 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is present in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report.

Note 3. Deposits

The county maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. As of August 31, 1999, the bank balances were fully insured or collateralized at a 100% level with collateral of either pledged securities held by the county's agent in the county's name, or provided surety bond which named the county as beneficiary/obligee on the bond. However, as of June 30, 2000 the collateral and FDIC insurance together did not equal or exceed the amount on deposit, leaving \$103,385 of public funds uninsured and unsecured. In addition, the county did not have a written agreement with the depository institution securing the county's interest in the collateral.

The county's deposits are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the county as of June 30, 2000.

	Ban	ık Balance
Insured by FDIC	\$	400,000
Collateralized with securities held by pledging depository institution in the county's name		2,162,189
Uncollateralized and uninsured		103,385
Total	\$	2,665,574

GALLATIN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2000 (Continued)

Note 4. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, Gallatin County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Insurance Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.



COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL OPERATING REVENUE

GALLATIN COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL OPERATING REVENUE

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

Funds	Budgeted Operating Revenue		Actual Operating Revenue		Over (Under) Budget	
General Fund Type						
General Fund Road and Bridge Fund Jail Fund Local Government Economic Assistance Fund County Police Fund Ambulance Fund	\$	520,463 469,966 42,495 5,638	\$	682,639 545,259 56,680 63,373	\$	162,176 75,293 14,185 57,735
Totals	\$	1,038,562	\$	1,536,828	\$	498,266
Reconciliation						
Total Budgeted Operating Revenue Above Add: Budgeted Prior Year Surplus					\$	1,038,562 1,222,021
Total Operating Budget Per Comparative Schedule Of Final Budget and Budgeted Expenditures					\$	2,260,583



SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE

GALLATIN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	 General Fund Type	
REVENUE:		
Taxes	\$ 390,543	
In Lieu Tax Payments	84,159	
Excess Fees	62,550	
License and Permits	650	
Intergovernmental Revenues	664,326	
Charges for Services	179,074	
Miscellaneous Revenues	42,205	
Interest Earned	113,321	
Total Operating Revenue	\$ 1,536,828	



COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF FINAL BUDGET AND BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

GALLATIN COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF FINAL BUDGET AND BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	GENERAL FUND TYPE					
Expenditure Categories		Final Budget		Budgeted penditures		Under (Over) Budget
General Government	\$	609,063	\$	346,200	\$	262,863
Protection to Persons and Property		388,500		285,580		102,920
General Health and Sanitation		51,000		24,955		26,045
Social Services		28,600		11,654		16,946
Recreation and Culture		54,500		27,306		27,194
Roads		642,000		222,952		419,048
Capital Projects		70,000		15,105		54,895
Administration		416,920		197,113		219,807
TOTAL BUDGET - ALL GENERAL FUND TYPES	\$	2,260,583	\$	1,130,865	\$	1,129,718



SCHEDULE OF UNBUDGETED EXPENDITURES

GALLATIN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF UNBUDGETED EXPENDITURES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

	An	nbulance
Expenditure Items	Fund	
Ambulance Service	\$	250,390



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



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Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of Gallatin County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated July 25, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Gallatin County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> which are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations.

- Fiscal Court Did Not Budget Gallatin County Ambulance Service As An Activity Of The County
- Fiscal Court Did Not Approve All Claims Against The County Prior To Payment
- The County Did Not Maintain Accurate Supporting Documentation For All Disbursements
- The County Did Not Require Depository Institutions To Pledge Or Provide Sufficient Collateral And Enter Into A Written Agreement To Protect Deposits

Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Gallatin County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Gallatin County's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations.

• The County Did Not Maintain Accurate Uniform Books Of Accounts

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the reportable condition identified above and described in the Comments and Recommendations section to be a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than the specified party.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - July 25, 2001

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

GALLATIN COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

NONCOMPLIANCES

1. Fiscal Court Did Not Budget Gallatin County Ambulance Service As An Activity Of The County

Guidance provided by the accounting profession indicates that the Gallatin County Ambulance Service is an activity of the Gallatin County Fiscal Court. The county budget process omitted the ambulance service because the ambulance service has a separate governing board. However, the Fiscal Court appointed the entire board in May 1999, giving fiscal court significant influence and financial accountability. In addition, the ambulance service is not a legally separate entity, as the ambulance service can be sued with recourse to the county. KRS 68.240 (4) requires the county budget to include such budget units as required by the activities of the county. For this reason, ambulance service activities are to be included in Gallatin County's audited financial statements with disbursements presented on a Schedule of Unbudgeted Expenditures. We recommend the ambulance service revenues and expenditures be budgeted during the normal budget process of other county funds, included in the budget for approval by the state local finance officer, and reported on the Gallatin County financial statement.

County Judge Executive's Response: The Gallatin County Ambulance Service will be budgeted as an activity of the fiscal court beginning with the fiscal year July 1, 2001 to June 30, 2002.

2. Fiscal Court Did Not Approve All Claims Against the County Prior To Payment

Payments from the Ambulance Fund were not routinely presented to the fiscal court for approval. KRS 68.275 requires claims be presented to the fiscal court for review prior to payment. We recommend claims be presented for fiscal court approval as is done with the general fund, road fund, jail fund, LGEA fund, and county police fund.

County Judge Executive's Response: Ambulance disbursements will be approved by the fiscal court prior to payment beginning at the next fiscal court meeting.

3. The County Did Not Maintain Accurate Supporting Documentation For All Disbursements

Testing of random ambulance service disbursements revealed a lack of adequate supporting documentation. One disbursement did not have a vendor invoice as support. Several more disbursements exceeded invoice amount. We recommend retention of supporting documentation to conform with guidelines promulgated by the KY Department of Libraries and Archives.

County Judge Executive's Response: Greater efforts will be made to maintain adequate records at the ambulance service now that this will be a budgeted unit of county operations.

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4. The County Did Not Require Depository Institutions To Pledge Or Provide Sufficient Collateral And Enter Into A Written Agreement To Protect Deposits

On June 30, 2000, \$103,385 of the county's deposits of public funds were uninsured and unsecured. According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), financial institutions maintaining deposits of public funds are required to pledge securities or provide surety bonds as collateral to secure these deposits if the amounts on deposit exceed the \$100,000 amount of insurance coverage provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The county should require the depository institution to pledge or provide collateral in an amount sufficient to secure deposits of public funds at all times. We also recommend the county enter into a written agreement with the depository institution to secure the county's interest in the collateral pledged or provided by the depository institution. According to federal law, 12 U.S.C.A. § 1823(e), this agreement, in order to be recognized as valid by the FDIC, should be (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

County Judge Executive's Response: County will be more aware of this requirement when making deposits at banks which haven't previously done business with the county.

5. The County Did Not Maintain Accurate Uniform Books Of Accounts

The Cash Receipts Journal, Cash Receipts Ledger, Check Distribution Ledger and Purchase Order Journal do not meet the standards of the State Local Finance Officer found in <u>Instructional Guide For County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual.</u> We recommend these records be improved to meet the minimum standards.

County Judge Executive's Response: The county has purchased new PC based software accounting system designed to correct these deficiencies. The system is in use for the fiscal year July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2001 and subsequent fiscal years.

Prior Year Comment

The following comment was repeated from last year:

• The County Did Not Require Depository Institutions To Pledge Or Provide Sufficient Collateral And Enter Into A Written Agreement To Protect Deposits

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

GALLATIN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

GALLATIN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2000

The Gallatin County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

George Zubaty

County Judg Executive

Sonja Hopkins County Treasurer